

Huawei AirEngine 5760-51 Access Point Datasheet



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Product Overview

AirEngine 5760-51 is a Wi-Fi 6 (802.11ax) standard wireless access point (AP) released by Huawei. AirEngine 5760-51 supports 2x2 MIMO on the 2.4 GHz band and 4x4 MIMO on the 5 GHz band. When delivering services on both bands, the device can reach a rate of up to 5.37 Gbit/s. AirEngine 5760-51 has built-in smart antennas and is compatible with 802.11n, 802.11ac, and 802.11ax. It has comprehensive service support capabilities including high reliability, high security, simple network deployment, automatic AC discovery and configuration, and real-time management and maintenance. AirEngine 5760-51 supports high bandwidth and high concurrency, and allows for IoT extension, which greatly enhances user experience on wireless networks and applies to enterprise office, education, and business scenarios.



AirEngine 5760-51

- Provides services simultaneously on both the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, at a rate of up to 574 Mbit/s at 2.4 GHz (2x2 MIMO), 4.8 Gbit/s at 5 GHz (4x4 MIMO), and 5.37Gbit/s for the device.
- Smart antenna array technology enables targeted signal coverage for mobile terminals, reduces interferences, and improves signal quality. Additionally, it implements millisecond-level switchover as STAs move.
- USB interface can be used for external IoT module power supply and storage.
- Built-in IoT module, supporting IoT expansion such as BLE 5.0, ZigBee, RFID, and Thread
- Independent radio scanning, achieving real-time detection of interference and rogue devices in real time and timely network optimization
- Supports the Fat, Fit, and cloud three working modes.

Feature Descriptions

Wi-Fi 6 (802.11ax) standard

- As the latest generation Wi-Fi standards of IEEE 802.11, 802.11ax improves user experience in high-density access scenarios and supports 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz frequency bands.
- Wi-Fi 6 supports 1024QAM modulation, improving data transmission efficiency by 25% compared with 802.11ac (256QAM).
- Supporting MU-MIMO, the 2.4GHz band supports 2 spatial streams, and the 5GHz band supports 4 spatial streams, allowing the AP send data to multiple STAs at the same time.
- OFDMA scheduling enables multiple users to receive and send information at the same time, reducing latency and improving network efficiency.
- Spatial reuse (SR) technology uses basic service set (BSS) coloring to enable APs and STAs to distinguish BSSs and allows multiple STAs to transmit data at the same time.

• The target wake time (TWT) allows APs and STAs to negotiate the sleep and wake time with each other, thereby improving the battery life of the STAs.

Smart antenna array technology

• The AP integrates smart antenna and implicit beamforming technologies to implement more precise user detection, suppress interference, and improve signal quality, enabling users to have a seamless, smooth wireless network experience.

DL/UL MU-MIMO

• DL/UL MU-MIMO technology enables an AP to send data to multiple STAs simultaneously, which doubles the radio spectrum resource usage, increases the number of access users and bandwidth, and improves user experience in high-density access scenarios.

IoT extension

• The AP provides internal IoT module that supports BLE5.0/Zigbee/RFID/Thread etc protocol for flexible IoT application extension, implementing short-distance, lower-power consumption IoT applications.

High-speed access

• The AP supports 160 MHz frequency bandwidth, which increases the number of available data subcarriers, expands transmission channels. In addition, the AP uses 1024QAM modulation and MU-MIMO to achieve a rate of up to 4.8 Gbit/s on the 5 GHz band and 5.37Gbit/s for the device.

High Density Boost technology

Huawei uses the following technologies to address challenges in high-density scenarios, including access problems, data congestion, and poor roaming experience:

SmartRadio for air interface optimization

• Load balancing during smart roaming: The load balancing algorithm can work during smart roaming for load balancing detection among APs on the network after STA roaming to adjust the STA load on each AP, improving network stability.

• Intelligent DFA technology: The dynamic frequency assignment (DFA) algorithm is used to automatically detect adjacentchannel and co-channel interference, and identify any 2.4 GHz redundant radio. Through automatic inter-AP negotiation, the redundant radio is automatically switched to another mode (dual-5G AP models support 2.4G-to-5G switchover) or is disabled to reduce 2.4 GHz co-channel interference and increase the system capacity.

• Intelligent conflict optimization technology: The dynamic enhanced distributed channel access (EDCA) and airtime scheduling algorithms are used to schedule the channel occupation time and service priority of each user. This ensures that each user is assigned relatively equal time for using channel resources and user services are scheduled in an orderly manner, improving service processing efficiency and user experience.

Air interface performance optimization

• In high-density scenarios where many users access the network, increased number of low-rate STAs consumes more resources on the air interface, reduces the AP capacity, and lowers user experience. Therefore, Huawei APs will check the signal strength of STAs during access and rejects access from weak-signal STAs. At the same time, the APs monitor the rate of online STAs in real time and forcibly disconnect low-rate STAs so that the STAs can reassociate with APs that have stronger signals. The terminal access control technology can increase air interface use efficiency and allow access from more users.

5G-prior access (Band steering)

• The APs support both 2.4G and 5G frequency bands. The 5G-prior access function enables an AP to steer STAs to the 5 GHz frequency band first, which reduces load and interference on the 2.4 GHz frequency band, improving the user experience.

Automatic radio calibration

• Automatic radio calibration allows an AP to collect signal strength and channel parameters of surrounding APs and generate AP topology according to the collected data. Based on interference from authorized APs, rogue APs, and non-Wi-Fi interference sources, each AP automatically adjusts its transmit power and working channel to make the network operate at the optimal performance. In this way, network reliability and user experience are improved.

Wired and wireless dual security guarantee

To ensure data security, Huawei APs integrate wired and wireless security measures and provide comprehensive security protection.

Authentication and encryption for wireless access

• The APs support WEP, WPA/WPA2-PSK, WPA/WPA2-PPSK, WPA/WPA2-802.1x, and WAPI authentication/encryption modes to ensure security of the wireless network. The authentication mechanism is used to authenticate user identities so that only authorized users can access network resources. The encryption mechanism is used to encrypt data transmitted over wireless links to ensure that the data can only be received and parsed by expected users.

Analysis on non-Wi-Fi interference sources

• Huawei APs can analyze the spectrum of non-Wi-Fi interference sources and identify them, including baby monitors, Bluetooth devices, digital cordless phones (at 2.4 GHz frequency band only), wireless audio transmitters (at both the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz frequency bands), wireless game controllers, and microwave ovens. Coupled with Huawei eSight, the precise locations of the interference sources can be detected, and the spectrum of them displayed, enabling the administrator to remove the interference in a timely manner.

Rogue device monitoring

• Huawei APs support WIDS/WIPS, and can monitor, identify, defend, counter, and perform refined management on the rogue devices, to provide security guarantees for air interface environment and wireless data transmission.

AP access authentication and encryption

• The AP access control ensures validity of APs. The CAPWAP link protection and DTLS encryption provide security assurance, improving data transmission security between the AP and the AC.

Automatic application identification

Huawei APs support smart application control technology and can implement visualized control on Layer 4 to Layer 7 applications.

Traffic identification

• Coupled with Huawei ACs, the APs can identify over 1600 common applications in various office scenarios. Based on the identification results, policy control can be implemented on user services, including priority adjustment, scheduling, blocking, and rate limiting to ensure efficient bandwidth resource use and improve quality of key services.

Traffic statistics collection

• Traffic statistics of each application can be collected globally, by SSID, or by user, enabling the network administrator to know application use status on the network. The network administrator or operator can implement visualized control on service applications on smart terminals to enhance security and ensure effective bandwidth control.

Cloud-based Management

• The AP can be managed via cloud, eliminating the need to deploy a WLAN AC. In cloud-based management mode, abundant authentication functions, such as pre-shared key (PSK) authentication, Portal authentication, SMS authentication, and social media authentication, can be implemented with no authentication server. This mode significantly simplifies the networking and reduces the capital expenditure (CAPEX). In addition, multiple advanced functions, such as online cloud-based network planning, cloud-based deployment, cloud-based inspection, and cloud-based O&M, can be implemented through Huawei cloud management platform. In multi-branch deployment scenarios, cloud APs are pre-configured on the cloud management platform. During onsite network deployment, you only need to power on the cloud APs, connect them to the network ports of switches, and implement plug-and-play (PnP) of the APs by scanning the QR codes. The pre-configurations then are automatically delivered to the APs, significantly shortening the network deployment time. The cloud management platform can monitor the network status, device status, and STA connection status of all sites in a comprehensive and intuitive manner.

Basic Specifications

Fat/Fit AP mode

Item	Description	
WLAN features	Compliance with IEEE 802.11ax and compatibility with IEEE 802.11a/b/g/n/ac/ac Wave 2	
	Maximum rate of up to 5.37 Gbit/s	
	Maximum ratio combining (MRC)	
	Space time block code (STBC)	
	Cyclic Delay Diversity (CDD)/Cyclic Shift Diversity (CSD)	
	Beamforming	
	DL/UL MU-MIMO	
	DL/UL OFDMA	
	Compliance with 1024-QAM and compatibility with 256-QAM/64-QAM/16-QAM/8- QAM/QPSK/BPSK	
	Low-density parity-check (LDPC)	
	Maximum-likelihood detection (MLD)	
	Frame aggregation, including A-MPDU (Tx/Rx) and A-MSDU (Tx/Rx)	
	802.11 dynamic frequency selection (DFS)	
	Short guard interval (GI) in 20 MHz, 40 MHz, 80 MHz, and 160 MHz modes	
	Priority mapping and packet scheduling based on a Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM) profile to implement priority-based data processing and forwarding	
	Automatic and manual rate adjustment	
	WLAN channel management and channel rate adjustment	
	Automatic channel scanning and interference avoidance	
	Service set identifier (SSID) hiding	
	Signal sustain technology (SST)	
	Unscheduled automatic power save delivery (U-APSD)	
	Control and Provisioning of Wireless Access Points (CAPWAP) in Fit AP mode	
	Automatic login in Fit AP mode	
	Extended Service Set (ESS) in Fit AP mode	
	Multi-user CAC	
	Hotspot2.0	
	802.11k and 802.11v smart roaming	
	802.11r fast roaming (≤ 50 ms)	
	WAN authentication escape. In local forwarding mode, this function retains the online state of existing STAs and allows access of new STAs when APs are disconnected from an AC, ensuring service continuity.	
Network features	Compliance with IEEE 802.3ab	
	Auto-negotiation of the rate and duplex mode and automatic switchover between the Media Dependent Interface (MDI) and Media Dependent Interface Crossover (MDI-X)	
	Compliance with IEEE 802.1q	
	SSID-based VLAN assignment	
	VLAN trunk on uplink Ethernet ports	
	Management channel of the AP uplink port in tagged and untagged mode	
	DHCP client, obtaining IP addresses through DHCP	
	Tunnel data forwarding and direct data forwarding	

ltem	Description	
	STA isolation in the same VLAN	
	Access control lists (ACLs)	
	Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)	
	Uninterrupted service forwarding upon CAPWAP channel disconnection in Fit AP mode	
	Unified authentication on the AC in Fit AP mode	
	AC dual-link backup in Fit AP mode	
	Network Address Translation (NAT) in Fat AP mode	
	IPv6 in Fit AP mode	
	Soft Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE)	
	IPv6 Source Address Validation Improvements (SAVI)	
	Multicast Domain Name Service (mDNS) gateway protocol: supports AirPlay and AirPrint service	
	sharing between users of different VLANs	
QoS features	Priority mapping and packet scheduling based on a Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM) profile to implement priority-based data processing and forwarding	
	WMM parameter management for each radio	
	WMM power saving	
	Priority mapping for upstream packets and flow-based mapping for downstream packets	
	Queue mapping and scheduling	
	User-based bandwidth limiting	
	Adaptive bandwidth management (automatic bandwidth adjustment based on the user quantity and radio environment) to improve user experience	
	Smart Application Control (SAC) in Fit AP mode	
	Airtime scheduling	
	Support for Microsoft Lync APIs and high voice call quality through Lync API identification and scheduling	
Security features	Open system authentication	
	WEP authentication/encryption using a 64-bit, 128-bit, 152-bit or 192-bit encryption key	
	WPA2-PSK authentication and encryption (WPA2 personal edition)	
	WPA2-802.1x authentication and encryption (WPA2 enterprise edition)	
	WPA3-SAE authentication and encryption (WPA2 personal edition)	
	WPA3-802.1x authentication and encryption (WPA2 enterprise edition)	
	WPA-WPA2 hybrid authentication	
	WPA2-WPA3 hybrid authentication	
	WPA2-PPSK authentication and encryption in Fit AP mode	
	WAPI authentication and encryption	
	Wireless intrusion detection system (WIDS) and wireless intrusion prevention system (WIPS), including rogue device detection and countermeasure, attack detection and dynamic blacklist, and STA/AP blacklist and whitelist	
	802.1x authentication, MAC address authentication, and Portal authentication	
	DHCP snooping	
	Dynamic ARP Inspection (DAI)	
	IP Source Guard (IPSG)	
	802.11w Protected Management Frames (PMFs)	
	Application identification	
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Maintenance features	Unified management and maintenance on the AC in Fit AP mode	

ltem	Description		
	Automatic login and configuration loading, and plug-and-play (PnP) in Fit AP mode Batch upgrade in Fit AP mode Telnet STelnet using SSH v2		
	SFTP using SSH v2		
	Web local AP management through HTTP or HTTPS in Fat AP mode		
	Real-time configuration monitoring and fast fault location using the NMS		
	SNMP v1/v2/v3 in Fat AP mode		
	System status alarm		
	Network Time Protocol (NTP) in Fat AP mode		
BYOD	NOTE		
	The AP supports bring your own device (BYOD) only in Fit AP mode.		
	Identifies the device type according to the organizationally unique identifier (OUI) in the MAC address.		
	Identifies the device type according to the user agent (UA) information in an HTTP packet.		
	Identifies the device type according to DHCP options.		
	The RADIUS server delivers packet forwarding, security, and QoS policies according to the device type carried in the RADIUS authentication and accounting packets.		
Location service	NOTE		
	The AP supports the locating service only in Fit AP mode.		
	Locates tags in compliance with proprietary protocols of AeroScout and Ekahau.		
	Locates Wi-Fi terminals.		
	Works with eSight to locate rogue devices.		
	Supports Bluetooth positioning		

Cloud-based management mode

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WLAN features	Compliance with IEEE 802.11ax and compatibility with IEEE 802.11a/b/g/n/ac/ac Wave 2
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	Space time block code (STBC)
	Cyclic Delay Diversity (CDD)/Cyclic Shift Diversity (CSD)
	Beamforming
	DL/UL MU-MIMO
	DL/UL OFDMA
	Compliance with 1024-QAM and compatibility with 256-QAM/64-QAM/16-QAM/8- QAM/QPSK/BPSK
	Low-density parity-check (LDPC)
	Maximum-likelihood detection (MLD)
	Frame aggregation, including A-MPDU (Tx/Rx) and A-MSDU (Tx/Rx)
	802.11 dynamic frequency selection (DFS)
	Short guard interval (GI) in 20 MHz, 40 MHz, 80 MHz, and 160 MHz modes
	Priority mapping and packet scheduling based on a Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM) profile to implement priority-based data processing and forwarding

ltem	Description
	 WLAN channel management and channel rate adjustment NOTE For detailed management channels, see the Country Code & Channel Compliance Table. Automatic channel scanning and interference avoidance Service set identifier (SSID) hiding Signal sustain technology (SST) Unscheduled automatic power save delivery (U-APSD) Automatic login
Network features	Compliance with IEEE 802.3ab Auto-negotiation of the rate and duplex mode and automatic switchover between the Media Dependent Interface (MDI) and Media Dependent Interface Crossover (MDI-X) Compliance with IEEE 802.1q SSID-based VLAN assignment DHCP client, obtaining IP addresses through DHCP STA isolation in the same VLAN Access control lists (ACLs) Unified authentication on the Agile Controller Network Address Translation (NAT)
QoS features	 Priority mapping and packet scheduling based on a Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM) profile to implement priority-based data processing and forwarding WMM parameter management for each radio WMM power saving Priority mapping for upstream packets and flow-based mapping for downstream packets Queue mapping and scheduling User-based bandwidth limiting Airtime scheduling
Security features	Open system authentication WEP authentication/encryption using a 64-bit, 128-bit, 152-bit or 192-bit encryption key WPA2-PSK authentication and encryption (WPA2 personal edition) WPA2-802.1x authentication and encryption (WPA2 enterprise edition) WPA3-SAE authentication and encryption (WPA2 personal edition) WPA3-802.1x authentication and encryption (WPA2 enterprise edition) WPA-WPA2 hybrid authentication WPA2-WPA3 hybrid authentication 802.1x authentication, MAC address authentication, and Portal authentication DHCP snooping Dynamic ARP Inspection (DAI) IP Source Guard (IPSG)
Maintenance features	Unified management and maintenance on the Agile Controller Automatic login and configuration loading, and plug-and-play (PnP) Batch upgrade Telnet STelnet using SSH v2 SFTP using SSH v2

Item	Description		
Wireless O&M through the Bluetooth serial port Web local AP management through HTTP or HTTPS Real-time configuration monitoring and fast fault location using the NMS System status alarm			
			Network Time Protocol (NTP)

Technical Specifications

Item		Description	
Technical	Dimensions (Diameter × Hight)	Ф220*50mm	
specifications	Weight	1.5kg	
	Interface type	1 x 10/100/1000M self-adaptive Ethernet interface (RJ45 x 1)	
		1 x 5G self-adaptive Ethernet interface (RJ45 x 1) 1 x USB interface	
	Internal IoT module	Build in IoT module: Supporting BLE5.0/Zigbee/RFID/Thread	
	LED indicator	Indicates the power-on, startup, running, alarm, and fault states of the system.	
Power specifications	Power input	• DC	
		 PoE power supply: In compliance with 802.3at/bt. NOTE In 802.3at power supply mode, radio power is managed in self-adaptive mode. 	
	Maximum power consumption	30W (excluding output power consumption of the USB interface and IoT) NOTE The actual maximum power consumption depends on local laws and regulations.	
Environmental specifications	Operating temperature	-10°C to +50°C	
	Storage temperature	-40°C to +70°C	
	Operating humidity	5% to 95% (non-condensing)	
	Dustproof and waterproof grade	IP41	
	Altitude	-60 m to +5000 m	
	Atmospheric pressure	53 kPa to 106 kPa	
Radio specifications	Antenna type	Built-in smart antennas	
	Antenna gain	2.4G: TBD 5G: TBD	
	Maximum number of SSIDs for each radio	≤ 16	

ltem		Description
	Maximum number of users	≤ 1024 NOTE The actual number of users varies according to the environment.
	Maximum transmit power	 2.4G: 25 dBm (combined power) 5G: 25 dBm (combined power) NOTE The actual transmit power depends on local laws and regulations.
	Power increment	1 dBm
	Maximum number of non- overlapping channels	2.4 GHz (2.412 GHz to 2.472 GHz) • 802.11b/g - 20 MHz: 3 • 802.11n - 20 MHz: 3 - 40 MHz: 1 • 802.11ax - 20 MHz: 3 - 40 MHz: 1 5 GHz (5.18 GHz to 5.825 GHz) • 802.11a - 20 MHz: 13 • 802.11n - 20 MHz: 13 - 40 MHz: 6 • 802.11ac - 20 MHz: 13 - 40 MHz: 6 - 80 MHz: 3 - 160 MHz: 1 • 802.11ax - 20 MHz: 13 - 40 MHz: 6 - 80 MHz: 3 - 160 MHz: 1 • 802.11ax - 20 MHz: 13 - 40 MHz: 6 - 80 MHz: 3 - 160 MHz: 1 • 802.11ax - 20 MHz: 13 - 40 MHz: 6 - 80 MHz: 3 - 160 MHz: 1 • 802.11ax - 20 MHz: 13 - 40 MHz: 6 - 80 MHz: 3 - 160 MHz: 1 • 802.11ax - 20 MHz: 1 • 802.11ax - 20 MHz: 1 • 802.11ax - 160 MHz: 1 • 802.11ax - 20 MHz: 1 • 802.11ax - 20 MHz: 1 • 802.11ax - 160 MHz: 1 • 802.11ax - 20 MHz: 3 - 160 MHz: 5 - 80 MHz: 3 - 160 MHz: 1 • 802.11ax - 20 MHz: 1 • 802.11ax - 20 MHz: 5 - 80 MHz: 3 - 160 MHz: 1 • 802.11ax - 20 MHz: 5 - 80 MHz: 3 - 160 MHz: 1 • 802.11ax - 20 MHz: 5 - 80 MHz: 3 - 160 MHz: 1 • 802.11ax - 20 MHz: 5 - 80 MHz: 3 - 160 MHz: 1 • 802.11ax - 20 MHz: 5 - 80 MHz: 3 - 160 MHz: 1 • 802.11ax - 20 MHz: 5 - 80 MHz: 3 - 160 MHz: 1 • 802.11ax - 20 MHz: 1 • 802.11ax - 20 MHz: 5 - 80 MHz: 3 - 160 MHz: 1 • 802.11ax - 20 MHz: 1 • 802.11ax - 20 MHz: 5 - 80 MHz: 3 - 160 MHz: 1 • 802.11ax - 20 MHz: 1 • 802.11ax - 20 MHz: 5 - 80 MHz: 3 - 160 MHz: 1 • 802.11ax - 20 MHz: 1 • 802.11ax - 20 MHz: 3 - 20 MHz: 3 - 20 MHz: 3 - 20 MHz: 4 - 20 MHz: 4 - 20 MHz: 4 - 20 MHz: 5 - 20 MHz: 4 - 20 MHz: 5 - 20 MHz: 4 - 20 MHz: 4 - 20 MHz: 4 - 20 MZ - 20 MZ

Standards Compliance

ltem	Description		
Safety standards	UL 62368–1 EN 62368–1 IEC 62368–1	GB 4943 EN 60950–1 UL 60950–1	CAN/CSA 22.2 No.60950-1 IEC 60950–1
Radio standards	ETSI EN 300 328 ETSI EN 301 893	RSS-210	AS/NZS 4268
EMC standards	EN 301 489–1 EN 301 489–17 ETSI EN 60601-1-2 FCC Part 15 ICES-003 YD/T 1312.2-2004	ITU k.20 GB 9254 GB 17625.1 AS/NZS CISPR22 EN 55022	EN 55024 CISPR 22 CISPR 24 IEC61000-4-6 IEC61000-4-2
IEEE standards	IEEE 802.11a/b/g IEEE 802.11n IEEE 802.11ac IEEE 802.11ax	IEEE 802.11h IEEE 802.11d IEEE 802.11e IEEE 802.11k	IEEE 802.11u IEEE 802.11v IEEE 802.11w IEEE 802.11r
Security standards	802.11i, Wi-Fi Protected Access 2(WPA2), WPA 802.1X Advanced Encryption Standards(AES), Temporal Key Integrity Protocol(TKIP) EAP Type(s)		
EMF	CENELEC EN 62311 CENELEC EN 50385	OET65 RSS-102	FCC Part1&2 FCC KDB Series
RoHS	Directive 2002/95/EC & 2011/65/EU		
Reach	Regulation 1907/2006/EC		
WEEE	Directive 2002/96/EC & 2012/19/EU		

More Information

For more information about Huawei WLAN products, visit http://e.huawei.com or contact us in the following ways:

- Global service hotline: http://e.huawei.com/en/service-hotline
- Logging in to the Huawei Enterprise technical support web: http://support.huawei.com/enterprise/
- Sending an email to the customer service mailbox: support_e@huawei. com

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